

**SECUI** 

Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

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**FACING PAGE** 

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2005	AND ENDING 12/31	/2005
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Collins 8	& McIlhenney, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	JSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
23 Grogan's Point Court			
	(No. and Street)		11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
The Woodlands	Texas	77380	
(City)	(State)	(Zip	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF J. Patrick Collins	PERSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS REPO (281	RT I) <b>367-3456</b>
		(A	rea Code – Telephone Number)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT  Harper & Pearson Company	·	<u> </u>	
	(Name - if individual, state last, fir	st, middle name)	
One Riverway, Suite 1000	Houston	Texas	77056
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		A PRO	CESSED
Certified Public Accountant		f O	_
☐ Public Accountant		\ JUN	13 2006
Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its posses		OMSON JANCIAL
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON		
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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountants must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, J. Patrick Collins	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stateme Collins & McIlhenny, Inc.	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31 , 20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	ficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	Signature  J. Patrick Collins General Principal
	Title
Notary Public  This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):  (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Parl (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem	Claims of Creditors.  nents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
<ul> <li>☑ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re</li> <li>☑ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation</li> </ul>	equirements Under Rule 15c3-3. of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
consolidation.  ☑ (1) An Oath or Affirmation.	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.  (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to	o exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

COLLINS & MCILHENNY, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2005 and 2004

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Collins & McIlhenny, Inc. The Woodlands, Texas

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Collins & McIlhenny, Inc. (an S corporation) as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Collins & McIlhenny, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Harper E Pearson Company, P. C.

Houston, Texas February 26, 2006

ASSETS	<u></u>	2005	2004		
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities at market value Investment in limited liability company Royalty interest Furniture and office equipment, less ac depreciation of \$22,202 in 2005 and	cumulated	474,085 10,485 328,426 193,460 12,440	\$	188,566 3,150 202,524 257,947 9,333	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,018,896	\$	661,520	
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUI	тү				
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000 s authorized, 500 shares issued and ou Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings		5 161,189 857,702	\$	5 161,189 500,326	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	<u>\$</u>	1,018,896	<u>\$</u>	661,520	

	2005	2004
Revenues		
Unrealized gain on investments owned	\$ 7,335	\$ 258,442
Royalty income, net	23,191	11,120
Equity in earnings of limited liability company	778,884	411,024
Total revenues	809,410	680,586
Expenses		
General and administrative	121,719	59,560
Depreciation	2,804	1,527
Total expenses	124,523	61,087
Net income	\$ 684,887	<u>\$ 619,499</u>

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	
Balance at January 1, 2004	\$	5	\$	161,189	\$	47,874
Distributions		-		-		(167,047)
Net income						619,499
Balance, December 31, 2004		5		161,189		500,326
Distributions		-		-		(327,511)
Net income		<u>-</u>				684,887
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$	5	<u>\$</u>	161,189	\$	857,702

	2005	2004
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash paid for management and administrative expenses	\$ 87,678 (121,719)	\$ 11,120 (59,560)
Net cash used by operating activities	(34,041)	(48,440)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of furniture and office equipment Distributions received from limited liability company  Net cash provided by investing activities	(5,911) <u>652,982</u> 647,071	(8,388) <u>379,400</u> 371,012
' ! <del>-</del>		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Distributions paid	(327,511)	(167,047)
Net cash used by financing activities	(327,511)	(167,047)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	285,519	155,525
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	188,566	33,041
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 474,085	<u>\$ 188,566</u>
RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income Equity in earnings of limited liability company	\$ 684,887 (778,884)	\$ 619,499 (411,024)
Depreciation Depletion Unrealized gain on investments owned	2,804 64,487 (7,335)	1,527 - (258,442)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (34,041)	<u>\$ (48,440)</u>

#### NOTE A BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLCIES

The Company maintains its accounts on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accounting principles followed by the Company and the methods of applying those principles which materially affect the determination of financial position, results of operations and cash flows are summarized below:

<u>Description of Business</u> – Collins & McIlhenny, Inc. (an S corporation) ("the Company") is located in The Woodlands, Texas and is a private investment banking firm. Consequently, the Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (K)(2)(i). The Company is registered as a Broker-Dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

<u>Statement Presentation</u> – An unclassified balance sheet is presented in accordance with industry standards.

<u>Revenue Recognition</u> – Commissions are recognized when trades settle and receivables are recorded at that time.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – No provision has been made for federal income tax, since these taxes are the responsibility of the individual shareholder. The Company is subject to certain state income taxes.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The Company considers all highly liquid short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Investments</u> — Investments in marketable securities are carried at market value based on quoted market price with unrealized gains and losses reflected in operations. Equity investment in a limited liability company, which the Company has a noncontrolling 50% interest, is carried at cost and adjusted for the Company's proportionate share of the undistributed earnings and losses. Royalty interests are valued at the net present value of expected cash flows from oil and gas production, discounted at 10% and adjusted annually for depletion.

#### NOTE B NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis.

At December 31, 2005 and 2004 the Company had net capital of \$482,997 and \$191,243, respectively, and a net capital requirement of \$5,000 for each year. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0% at December 31, 2005 and 2004. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio for the Company at this time of no greater than 15 to 1.

#### NOTE C INVESTMENT IN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

On March 14, 2003, the Company acquired a 50% interest in a limited liability company through the formation of C&H Mineral Holdings, LLC, an entity whose primary operations consist of holding net revenue interests in oil and gas properties. The following is a summary of financial position at December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 and 2004:

	2005	2004	
Current assets Other assets	\$ 390,379 289,449	\$	1,818 338,706
Total assets	\$ 679,828	\$	340,524
Members' equity	\$ 679,828	<u>\$</u>	340,524
Revenues Expenses	\$ 1,699,482 54,215	\$	861,605 39,556
Net income	<u>\$ 1,645,267</u>	\$	822,049

During 2005 and 2004, distributions of \$652,965 and \$379,400, respectively were received from equity method investments.

#### NOTE D ROYALTY INTEREST

Through the Company's investment banking activities, during 2003 the Company acquired a royalty interest in three operating oil and gas wells in exchange for certain services. The royalty interest has been valued based upon a reserve analysis performed by the production company which reflected a 15 year life for the wells. The present value of the expected future payments from the wells discounted at 10% totaled \$257,947 at December 31, 2004. Management has determined that the value of the interest should be reduced by \$64,487 at December 31, 2005 for depletion of the wells.

#### NOTE E CREDIT RISK

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The Company's credit risk results primarily from cash deposits. The Company maintains cash in a deposit account, which at times exceed federally insured limits. It is the Company's practice to utilize high net worth institutions to minimize its credit risk.

# COLLINS & MCILHENNY, INC. SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2005

NET CAPITAL  Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$ 1,018,896
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	. 1,018,896
Deductions and/or charges Nonallowable assets	(534,326)
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES POSITION	484,570
Haircuts on securities	1,573
Net capital	<u>\$ 482,997</u>
COMPUTATION ON BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS  Minimum net capital required (5.67% of total aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$ 5,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 477,997
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	N/A

Note: The above computation does not differ materially from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2005, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on Part IIA of Form X-17a-5.

## COLLINS & MCILHENNY, INC. SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2004

NET CAPITAL		
Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	<u>\$</u>	661,520
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		661,520
Deductions and/or charges Nonallowable assets		(469,804)
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES POSITION		191,716
Haircuts on securities		473
Net capital	<u>\$</u>	191,243
COMPUTATION ON BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		
Minimum net capital required (6.67% of total aggregate indebtedness)	\$	-
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	<u>\$</u>	5,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum		
requirement amounts)	\$	5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$</u>	186,243
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	_	N/A

Note: The above computation does not differ materially from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2004, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on Part IIA of Form X-17a-5.

COLLINS & MCILHENNY, INC.
SCHEDULE III
COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF SECURITIES
UNDER RULE 15C3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

#### **Exemption Provisions**

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(2)(i), in which a "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" is maintained.



### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17 A-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15C3-3

February 26, 2006

Board of Directors Collins & McIlhenny, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Collins & McIlhenny, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Board of Directors February 26, 2006 Page 2

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the stockholder, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Harper E Planson Company, !. (.

Houston, Texas